00890A000200050036-7) 4 M.D. 15 White M.D. 500 CATIONS INPRESYND FOR Release 201

Lourent Stiest	40%					
A. Prime Mir	nister Mahamme	All's Mosle	um League ap	parently defe	ated in Eas	t Bengal
provincial elect	ions by lands!	ude.	100 May 100 Ma	2 - 1 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		
B. United Democr	atic Front - :	ecstly assort	ed leftists	# vine 2000		ported se
far out of total	of 237 possil					
C. 80-year-old 1	aslul Haq will	probably be	new chief	minister East	Bengal. H	e has
said he would ne	t act without 25X6	"Gooperatio	m" Barachi	government.	Бе	
	broke with Med	len Lactyc rn	At League i	n summer 1953		25X6

- Unpopularity local Moslam League leaders.
- Basic failure Moslen League government improve economic situation.
- 3. Ethnic differences between East and West Pakistan Bast resentment rule from

Larachi.

DOCUMENT NO. NO CHANGE IN CLASS. 1 DECLASSIFIED

Depostic Representati

Heslem League night make post-election deal with elements of Front -

cohecirenese Front, which new lease federation, no common program.



25X1

- C. Great encouragement provincialism will make task central government much more difficult.
 - 1. Likely delay formulation new constitution in works since 1947.
- 2. Confuse situation in constituent assembly in Karachi where E. Bangal has 43 of total 75 seats. Assembly only representative body new functioning on a national level. Complification has not yet him afflowed

Possibility Communist influence.

25X1

	tote	al of						
1.		only	14	Communista,	crypto-	Communiste	ruming	೧೯

Front ticket.

2. Communists likely be strengthened and encouraged by victory with which they associated.

III. Foreign Policy Repercussions

- A. US military aid not issue but Moslem League used aid in attempt to build prestige.
- B. Vill be interpreted in India and in USSR as popular rejection of aid and of Turkish-Pakistani pact.
 - C. May raise doubte failing others stability fak government.
 - 2. The mot likely affect farack! attitude temped West



Background on East Pakistan Elections

I. Statistics: Mast Bengal most populous - 42,000,000 - and richest prevince Pakistan, separated from Karachi by over 1,000 miles Indian territory. Total Fakistani population 78,000,000. Pakistan divided into 6 provinces, of which 5 are in West Pakistan.

II. Factors in League Defeat

- A. Unpopularity local League leaders, especially former chief minister Murul Amin, who was defeated by large najority.
- B. League failure to grant more provincial autonomy improve basic economic conditions among depressed jute workers, peasants.

E. Initial overconfidence Moslem League leaders - Front first real opposition since partition from India in 1947 - League started campaign slewly, then postponed elections in hope of gaining ground, but move may have backfired.

ix miles a more alies

F. In last weeks Morley trages lander campagnets viagranty bund sinte of hohommand college from the of Palenta training and the training of the trages.

The last weeks Morley Habita training of the home the first to the fearure.

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III. Seat Alletment M. Bengal provincial assembly:

Moslem seats 237 (9 seats reserved for women)

Hon-Horles

Scheduled Castes 38 (2 seats reserved for women)

(1 seat reserved for women) Caste Madus

Boddhiste

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